

## HS49-AP SERIES CURRENT SENSOR/TRANSDUCER

### DESCRIPTION :

The primary and secondary sides of this series of sensors are insulated, used for DC, AC and pulse current measurement.

### FEATURES:

- ◆ Open loop using the Hall ASIC effect
- ◆ The primary side and the secondary side are isolated
- ◆ Low power consumption
- ◆ Wide range
- ◆ No insertion loss
- ◆ Raw materials recognized according to UL 94-V0

### APPLICATIONS:

- ◆ Motor Controller
- ◆ Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- ◆ Static converters for DC motor drives
- ◆ Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- ◆ Power supplies for welding applications



### MODEL LIST :

PRODUCT MODEL		
Model	Rated input current $I_{PN}$ (A)	Measuring range $I_{PM}$ (A)
HS49-200A-P	200	±300
HS49-400A-P	400	±600
HS49-600A-P	600	±900
HS49-800A-P	800	±1200

**HS49-200A-P SPECIFICATION**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
<b>Electrical Data</b>						
Primary side rated current	$I_{PN}$	A	-	200	-	
Primary current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	A	-300	-	300	
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	4.75	5.0	5.25	
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V	$V_{OUT}=(V_C/2)\pm(1.25 \times I_P/I_{PN})$			@ $V_C=5V$
Reference output voltage	$V_{ref}$	V	$V_C/2$			@ $V_C=5V$
Zero output voltage	$V_{QOV}$	V	2.475	2.5	2.525	@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Theoretical gain	$G_{th}$	mV/A	-	6.25	-	
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA	-	19	25	@ $V_C=5V$
Load Resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	2	-	unlimited	@ $V_{OUT}$ to GND
Load capacitance	$C_2$	nF	-	4.7	-	
Power filter capacitor	$C_1$	$\mu F$	-	-	-	
<b>Performance Data</b>						
Gain error	$\epsilon_G$	%	-1.5	-	1.5	
Temperature drift of gain error	$T_{CG}$	PPM/K	-420	-	420	@ $T_A$ -40 $^{\circ}C$ ~+125 $^{\circ}C$
Zero offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-	$\pm 20$		@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Temperature drift of zero error	$TC_{VOE}$	mV/ $^{\circ}C$	-0.1	-	0.1	@ $T_A$ -40 $^{\circ}C$ ~+125 $^{\circ}C$
Magnetic offset voltage	$V_{OM}$	mV	-	$\pm 10$	-	@ $I_{PN}=0A$ , load 3 times of $I_{PN}$
Nonlinear error	$\epsilon_L$	% of $I_{PN}$	-0.5	-	0.5	exclude zero $V_{OE}$
Response time	$t_r$	$\mu s$	-	-	7	90% of $I_{PN}$
Bandwidth ( -3dB)	BW	kHz	-	50	-	
Phase shift	$\Delta\phi$	degree	-	-	-	
Output noise	$V_{no pp}$	mV	-	-	40	@DC to 20MHZ
<b>General Data</b>						
Ambient operating temperature	$T_A$	$^{\circ}C$	-40~+125			
Ambient storage temperature	$T_S$	$^{\circ}C$	-40~+125			
Mass	m	g	60			

**HS49-400A-P SPECIFICATION**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
<b>Electrical Data</b>						
Primary side rated current	$I_{PN}$	A	-	400	-	
Primary current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	A	-600	-	600	
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	4.75	5.0	5.25	
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V	$V_{OUT}=(V_C/2)\pm(1.25 \times I_P/I_{PN})$			@ $V_C=5V$
Reference output voltage	$V_{ref}$	V	$V_C/2$			@ $V_C=5V$
Zero output voltage	$V_{QOV}$	V	2.475	2.5	2.525	@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Theoretical gain	$G_{th}$	mV/A	-	3.125	-	
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA	-	19	25	
Load Resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	2	-	unlimited	@ $V_{OUT}$ to GND
Load capacitance	$C_2$	nF	-	4.7	-	
Power filter capacitor	$C_1$	$\mu F$	-	-	-	
<b>Performance Data</b>						
Gain error	$\epsilon_G$	%	-1.5	-	1.5	
Temperature drift of gain error	$T_{CG}$	PPM/K	-420	-	420	@ $T_A$ -40°C~+125°C
Zero offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-	$\pm 20$		@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Temperature drift of zero error	$TC_{VOE}$	mV/°C	-0.1	-	0.1	@ $T_A$ -40°C~+125°C
Magnetic offset voltage	$V_{OM}$	mV	-	$\pm 10$	-	@ $I_{PN}=0A$ , load 3 times of $I_{PN}$
Nonlinear error	$\epsilon_L$	% of $I_{PN}$	-0.5	-	0.5	exclude zero $V_{OE}$
Response time	$t_r$	$\mu s$	-	-	7	90% of $I_{PN}$
Bandwidth ( -3dB)	BW	kHz	-	50	-	
Phase shift	$\Delta\phi$	degree	-	-	-	
Output noise	$V_{no\ pp}$	mV	-	-	40	@DC to 20MHZ
<b>General Data</b>						
Ambient operating temperature	$T_A$	°C	-40~+125			
Ambient storage temperature	$T_S$	°C	-40~+125			
Mass	m	g	60			

**HS49-600A-P SPECIFICATION**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
<b>Electrical Data</b>						
Primary side rated current	$I_{PN}$	A	-	600	-	
Primary current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	A	-900	-	900	
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	4.75	5.0	5.25	
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V	$V_{OUT}=(V_C/2)\pm(1.25 \times I_P/I_{PN})$			@ $V_C=5V$
Reference output voltage	$V_{ref}$	V	$V_C/2$			@ $V_C=5V$
Zero output voltage	$V_{QOV}$	V	2.475	2.5	2.525	@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Theoretical gain	$G_{th}$	mV/A	-	2.083	-	
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA	-	19	25	
Load Resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	2	-	unlimited	@ $V_{OUT}$ to GND
Load capacitance	$C_2$	nF	-	4.7	-	
Power filter capacitor	$C_1$	$\mu F$	-	-	-	
<b>Performance Data</b>						
Gain error	$\epsilon_G$	%	-1.5	-	1.5	
Temperature drift of gain error	$T_{CG}$	PPM/K	-420	-	420	@ $T_A$ -40°C~+125°C
Zero offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-	$\pm 20$		@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Temperature drift of zero error	$TC_{VOE}$	mV/°C	-0.1	-	0.1	@ $T_A$ -40°C~+125°C
Magnetic offset voltage	$V_{OM}$	mV	-	$\pm 10$	-	@ $I_{PN}=0A$ , load 3 times of $I_{PN}$
Nonlinear error	$\epsilon_L$	% of $I_{PN}$	-0.5	-	0.5	exclude zero $V_{OE}$
Response time	$t_r$	$\mu s$	-	-	7	90% of $I_{PN}$
Bandwidth ( -3dB)	BW	kHz	-	50	-	
Phase shift	$\Delta\phi$	degree	-	-	-	
Output noise	$V_{no pp}$	mV	-	-	40	@DC to 20MHZ
<b>General Data</b>						
Ambient operating temperature	$T_A$	°C	-40~+125			
Ambient storage temperature	$T_S$	°C	-40~+125			
Mass	m	g	60			

**HS49-800A-P SPECIFICATION**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
<b>Electrical Data</b>						
Primary side rated current	$I_{PN}$	A	-	800	-	
Primary current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	A	-1200	-	1200	
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	4.75	5.0	5.25	
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V	$V_{OUT}=(V_C/2)\pm(1.25 \times I_P/I_{PN})$			@ $V_C=5V$
Reference output voltage	$V_{ref}$	V	$V_C/2$			@ $V_C=5V$
Zero output voltage	$V_{QOV}$	V	2.475	2.5	2.525	@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Theoretical gain	$G_{th}$	mV/A	-	1.562	-	
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA	-	19	25	
Load Resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	2	-	unlimited	@ $V_{OUT}$ to GND
Load capacitance	$C_2$	nF	-	4.7	-	
Power filter capacitor	$C_1$	$\mu$ F	-	-	-	
<b>Performance Data</b>						
Gain error	$\epsilon_G$	%	-1.5	-	1.5	
Temperature drift of gain error	$T_{CG}$	PPM/K	-420	-	420	@ $T_A$ -40 $^{\circ}$ C~+125 $^{\circ}$ C
Zero offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-	$\pm 20$		@ $V_C=5V$ & $I_P=0A$
Temperature drift of zero error	$TC_{VOE}$	mV/ $^{\circ}$ C	-0.1	-	0.1	@ $T_A$ -40 $^{\circ}$ C~+125 $^{\circ}$ C
Magnetic offset voltage	$V_{OM}$	mV	-	$\pm 10$	-	@ $I_{PN}=0A$ , load 3 times of $I_{PN}$
Nonlinear error	$\epsilon_L$	% of $I_{PN}$	-0.5	-	0.5	exclude zero $V_{OE}$
Response time	$t_r$	$\mu$ s	-	-	7	90% of $I_{PN}$
Bandwidth ( -3dB)	BW	kHz	-	50	-	
Phase shift	$\Delta\varnothing$	degree	-	-	-	
Output noise	$V_{no\ pp}$	mV	-	-	40	@DC to 20MHZ
<b>General Data</b>						
Ambient operating temperature	$T_A$	$^{\circ}$ C	-40~+125			
Ambient storage temperature	$T_S$	$^{\circ}$ C	-40~+125			
Mass	m	g	60			

**Note :**

- (1) The output voltage  $U_{out}$ , the offset voltage  $U_{QOV}$ , and the sensitivity  $G_{th}$  are completely proportional to the power supply  $V_c$  ;
- (2) The frequency of the current to be measured needs to be limited within the frequency band of the sensor, otherwise the core and chip will be overheated;
- (3) Incorrect wiring may damage the sensor ;

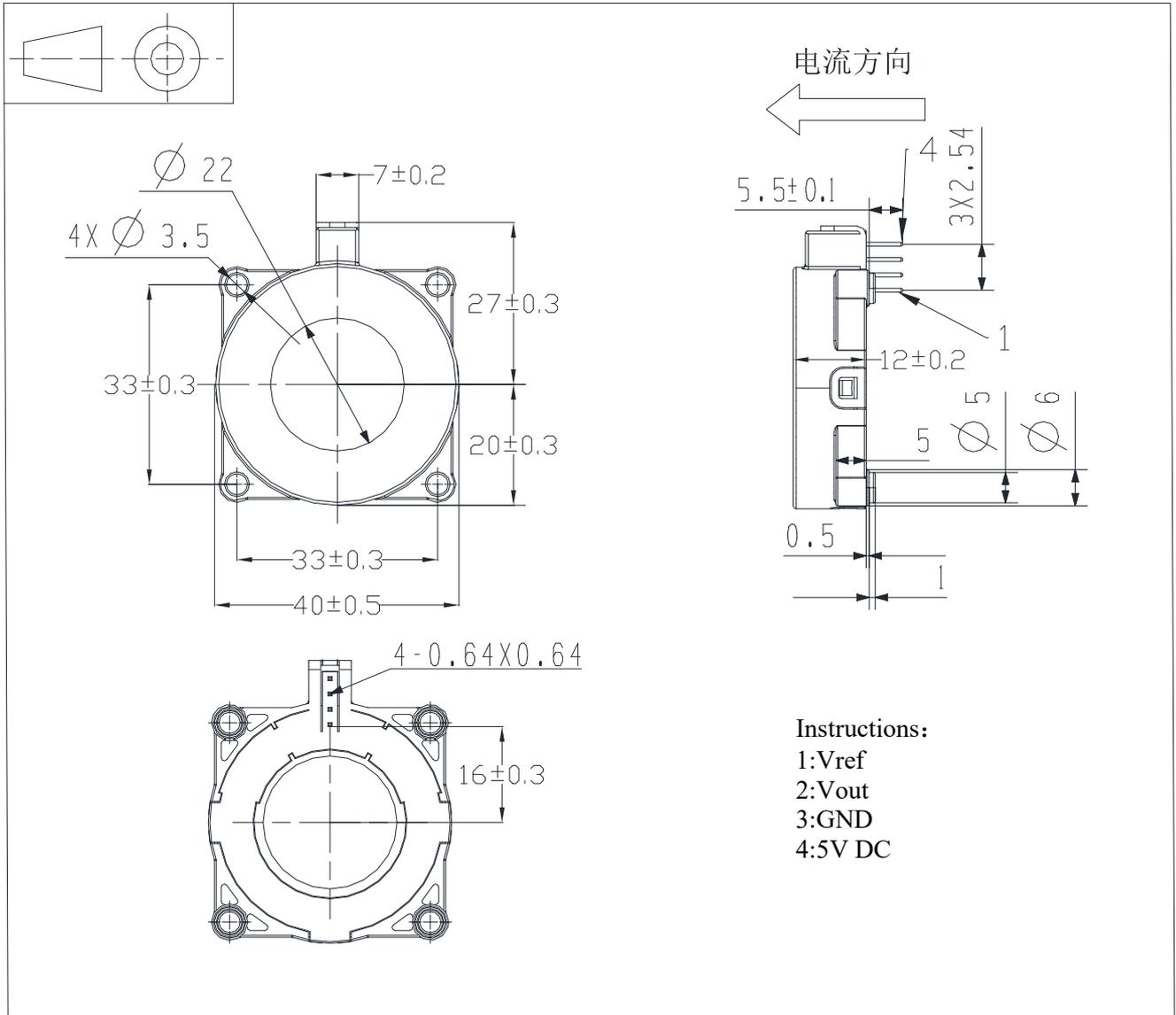
**Insulation data :**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Remark
AC isolation withstand voltage test RMS @ 50Hz, 1min	$U_D$	KV	2.5	
Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50uS	$U_w$	KV	4	
Shell material	-	-	UL94-V0	PBT 30 GF
Relative tracking index	CTI	V	220	
Creepage distance	$d_{CP}$	mm	>4	
electrical clearance	$d_{CI}$	mm	>4	

**Maximum limit :**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	7
Continuous output current	$I_{out}$	mA	-
Electrostatic discharge - contact discharge	$V_{ESD}$	KV	1

**Mechanical Dimensions :**



**Safety**

This device must be used according to IEC61010-1.



This device must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the operating instructions.

Caution, risk of electrical shock.



When operating the device, certain parts can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield can be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

